ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY,

INSTITUTED 1774,

TO COLLECT AND CIRCULATE THE MOST APPROVED AND EFFECTUAL METHODS FOR RECOVERING

Bergons apparently Drowned or Dead;

TO SUGGEST AND PROVIDE SUITABLE APPARATUS FOR, AND RESTOW REWARDS ON THOSE WHO ASSIST IN.

THE PRESERVATION AND RESTORATION OF LIFE.

1827.



LONDON:

PRINTED FOR THE SOCIETY.

AND TO BE HAD AT THE SOCIETY'S HOUSE, 29, BRIDGE STREET, BLACKFRIARS.

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THE

FIFTY THIRD

ANNUAL REPORT

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DEATH MAY USURP ON NATURE MANY HOURS, AND YET THE FIRE OF LIFE KINDLE AGAIN THE OVERPRESSED SPIRITS. I HAVE HEARD OF AN EGYPTIAN HAD NINE HOURS LIEN DEAD, BY GOOD APPLIANCE WAS RECOVERED.

SHAKSPEARE, PERICLES, ACT III.



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THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

Mice-Batron,

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President,

HIS GRACE THE DUKE of NORTHUMBERLAND, K. G. &c.

Mice-Presidents,

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BENJAMIN HAWES, ESQ. Treasurer.
JOHN GURNEY, ESQ. V.P.
WILLIAM MELLISH, ESQ. V.P.

*** The two popular Engravings of the Royal Humane Society, by Pollard, after Paintings by Smirke, representing a young man being taken out of the water apparently dead, in sight of his disconsolate parents, and his subsequent resuscitation, are now republished by the Society, and may be had, price Two Guineas the Pair, at their House, 29, Bridge-street, Blackfriars; or at the following Printsellers: Colnaghi and Co., 23, Cockspur-street; Anthony Molteno, Pall Mall; Thomas Clay, 18, Ludgatehill; and Hurst, Robinson, and Co., Pall Mall.—To Governors applying at the Society's House, the price for the Pair will be One Guinea.



SECTION I.

RISE AND PROGRESS

OF

THE ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY.

 $T_{
m HE}$ art of resuscitating the apparently dead does not appear to have been known to the ancients.

Some instances of recovery from Drowning and Hanging, mentioned in the notes to Derham's "Physico-Theology," are the first on record. These cases happened at Tronningholm and at Oxford, about the year 1650, and the means used for the recovery of the persons in question were similar to those recommended by the Royal Humane Society. It does not seem, however, that these instances excited any public interest, or that any serious

investigation of the subject of Suspended Animation took place till about the middle of the last century. At this period the penetrating genius of Dr. J. FOTHERGILL, which had already in other branches of his profession developed new and important modes of treating diseases, led him to perceive "the fallacy and dubiousness of the received criteria of dissolution;" and in a paper which he addressed to the Royal Society, he maintained, as the result of his enquiries, "the possibility of saving many lives without risking any thing." To us it must appear extraordinary that this publication excited little interest and attention among the medical philosophers of his time. He had, however, propounded a most important theory, although the glory of putting it to the test of experiment was reserved for a later period. This was first attempted by Mr. Reaumur, an ingenious foreigner: that gentleman having succeeded in several attempts at Resuscitation in Switzerland in the year 1767, transmitted reports of his cases to the Academy of Sciences at Paris. Soon after this period, in the same year, a Society for the Recovery of the Apparently Drowned was instituted at Amsterdam, and, as if by a simultaneous movement, several similar associations were formed in different parts of Europe. The Memoirs of the Dutch Society were translated into English in 1773 by Dr. Cogan, for the purpose of convincing the people of this country of the practicability of resuscitating the apparently Drowned. His work fell into the hands of the late Dr. HAWES, to whose ardent and indefatigable mind it opened a career of public usefulness which he pursued until his death. Finding that a strong and general prejudice existed against the practicability of Resuscitation, and that the idea was even ridiculed

as hopeless and chimerical, he determined to demonstrate it. With this view he publicly offered rewards to persons who, between London and Westminster Bridges, should, within a certain period from the occurrence of an accident, rescue the bodies of drowned persons, and bring them to places appointed on shore for their reception, in order that the means of resuscitation might be tried. At these places he and his friends restored several lives.-During a whole year Dr. Hawes continued to pay these rewards himself. At the end of this period Dr. Cogan represented to him the injury his private fortune must sustain by such continued expences, and kindly offered to unite with him for the formation of the HUMANE SOCIETY, which at first consisted of thirty-two individuals, their respective private friends *. Until the end of Dr. Hawes's life the Institution continued to exercise his unremitting attention and vigilant cares. To the persevering exertions

* The names of these Thirty-two Gentlemen, who, with Dr. Hawes and Dr. Cogan, laid the foundation of the Society, deserve to be recorded. The following is a list of them:

Mr. Armiger Rev. Mr. Bouillier Fred. Bull, Esq. and Ald. Dr. William Cooper Mr. Delver Mr. Denham Mr. William Fox Dr. Oliver Goldsmith Rev. Richard Harrison Mr. Benjamin Hawes Dr. Heberden Thomas Tower, Esq. Rev. Dr. Towers

W. Towgood, Esq. Mr. William Townsend Dr. Kooystra

Robert Palmer, Esq. Mr. Patten Mr. Michael Pearson Mr. Phipps Samuel Prime, Esq. Mr. John Bewley Rich Rev. M. Snowden

James Horsfall, Esq. F.R.S. Mr. John Jacob

Mr. Joseph Jacob Rev. Dr. Jeffries

J. C. Lettsom, M.D. F.R.S.

Rev. Mr. Van Essen Mr. Warrand Dr. Watkinson Mr. Wright.

of this gentleman, and especially to his disinterested early efforts, the English Nation is indebted for the formation of a Society, which, whether we reflect on its purposes or success, does honour to our country, and exhibits most impressively the power of a single mind to accomplish objects of the most benign character and extensive utility.



SECTION II.

EXPLANATION OF THE GENERAL OBJECTS

OF THE SOCIETY.

THE Objects of the Royal Humane Society are twofold. The first—relates to persons who, by receiving immediate assistance when in imminent danger of Drowning, are rescued by such assistance from accidental death.

The second—relates to individuals who, from whatever cause, are in a state of Suspended Animation.

Within a period of FIFTY years the Royal Humane Society has paid rewards to nearly TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND claimants for cases of the first description, and has thus contributed annually to the preservation of the lives of very many most valuable members of the community. and affecting instances are on record, in which individuals, from a spirit of humanity, have exposed their own persons to the most imminent hazard, in order to save a fellowcreature from perishing. Animated, too, by the rewards of the Society, men have fearlessly plunged into the water, and trusted to their strength and dexterity for success in bringing persons who were sinking to shore; or a rope has been carried round the body of a bold swimmer, frequently through the midst of a raging surge, and the deliverer and the delivered have returned together in triumph from the frightful waters.

With reference to the second kind of cases to which the

Royal Humane Society directs its attention, namely, those in which the vital functions are suspended, let it be remembered that previously to its formation the parties were frequently left to perish, under the false impression that they were actually dead. Since its establishment upwards of 5000 individuals have been rescued by its direct agency, in the neighbourhood of the Metropolis alone, from premature death. Among the instances of restoration have been all kinds of cases of Suspended Animation, such as have been occasioned by submersion, lightning, noxious airs in coal and other mines, wells, &c. apoplexy, hanging, and attempts at suicide.

A mere allusion to cases of the preceding description cannot fail to present the Royal Humane Society with the strongest claims to the generous sympathies of mankind; while, at the same time, it addresses itself to their dearest interests. With regard to other benevolent institutions, we are ourselves absolved from the miseries we soothe, and the wants we alleviate; but who shall claim for himself or his friend an exemption from the dangers against which the Humane Society provides?

Let us bring the objects of the Institution fairly home to our own families: its claims will then appear too imperative to be resisted. A child, perhaps an only child, in whose playful sports we had been participating half an hour before, heedlessly ventures upon a piece of ice, which breaks from beneath him, or, while bathing, is carried beyond his depth, or while playing on the brink of a river falls into the rapid stream. The alarm is sounded—an heroic individual, animated by an impulse of humanity, and encouraged by the rewards of the Humane Society, exposes his own life to succour and to save; but, alas! the short struggle of nature

has passed. Our child, who left us in all the flush of youthful promise, is now brought to the house which so lately resounded with his voice, a pale and breathless corpse. this a hopeless case? A few minutes only elapsed before he was drawn out of the water by the efforts of his deliverer. Aid is eagerly sought. The resuscitative processes of the Humane Society are instantly and assiduously applied by one of the Medical Assistants. By perseverance in those means the child is restored. Who shall estimate the worth of an Institution which provided for the two-fold objects of his timely rescue and eventual recovery? Who but the parent whose child was dead, and is alive again? parent shall venture to say that such a case may not be his The records of the Humane Society abound in similar instances, and thus present the Institution, not as an object of general benevolence merely, but as one in which we have a strong, constant, and personal interest.

To promote the objects of the Society, suitable apparatus has been provided for the application of the resuscitative processes at regular Receiving Houses, which are established in the most convenient and appropriate situations along the shores of the Thames, near the banks of canals, in the immediate neighbourhood of dangerous pieces of water, and in various parts of the metropolis and its vicinity. And to ensure the due and prompt application of the processes and means of the Society, respectable Professional Gentlemen residing near the Receiving-Houses are appointed Medical Assistants.

The Society's principal Receiving-House is situated on the north side of the Serpentine river, in Hyde Park*.— The ground upon which it stands was graciously presented by his late Majesty to the Directors and Governors, expressly for the benevolent purpose to which it has been devoted.

In this House (which may be considered as the Society's model) every thing necessary for the application of the resuscitating process is provided, and kept in constant readiness. A bed is fitted up—a warm bath and electrifying machine, in case it should be found necessary, are in a state of preparation for instant use—apparatus and medicine, of every kind necessary in a case of Suspended Animation, are deposited there; and during the bathing season of summer, and the frosts in winter, a medical gentleman attends for the purpose of rendering immediate and effectual assistance on the occurrence of accidents.

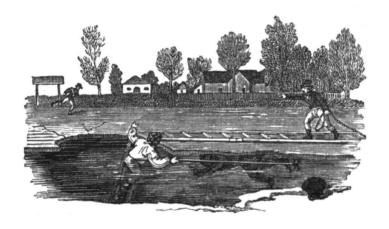
On the outside of the other Receiving-Houses of the Society are placed large and conspicuous boards, announcing their object. These Houses are furnished with drags, poles, and other necessary apparatus, all of which are under the constant superintendance of the Society's Surveyor*, and are thus kept in a state of repair and readiness for immediate use in case of accident.

The Receiving-Houses are not exclusively applicable to the assistance of the Drowned; it is evident they may be of frequent use in other cases of sudden or accidental death.

In presenting to public notice this outline of the Objects of the Royal Humane Society, and of the means employed to obtain them, a limited survey only is taken of its benefits. Within the sphere of its immediate influence, its rewards have contributed universally to diffuse a knowledge of its existence, and at the same time to excite the emulous exertions of the most active and courageous classes of the

^{*} Mr. Vigers, of Whitefriars.

community in the preservation of persons in danger of The distribution of its Methods of Treatment, added to the advantage of Sermons preached before numerous congregations, have put the public generally in possession of the most effectual means of restoring Suspended Animation;—the appointment of its Receiving-Houses and of Medical Assistants have ensured the most prompt adoption of these means in many thousand instances where the parties would otherwise have perished. But this is not all. In various other respects it has been beneficial to mankind; it has kept alive the subject of suspended Vital Action, and has thus been the means of giving an earlier birth to the able and scientific works which have of late years appeared upon that subject, and which will be bequeathed as invaluable treasures to posterity. the publication of its numerous cases it has created at the same time a well-grounded confidence, founded on experiment, in the powers of the Resuscitative Art, and has been the means of extending its application, by combining the energies of science and humanity in one great and undivided object. By its impulse and example it has led to the formation of numerous similar Associations for the Preservation and Restoration of Life in various places of Great Britain, in her Colonies, in several European nations, and on the American Continent. Many of these Institutions will become the future parents of others, and will thus contribute to multiply to an indefinite extent the practical benefits of the Royal Humane Society.



View of the Receiving-House in Hyde Park, and a Representation of the Method of Recovering Persons from under the Ice.

SECTION III.

REPORT.

THE Committee have the pleasure to lay before the Governors and the Public their Fifty-third Annual Report.

The occurrences and proceedings of the Society, though of a similar kind to those of preceding years, are still interesting to every well-wisher and friend of the Institution.

During the past year the Society has received the highest and most gratifying encouragement, in being allowed to enrol amongst their honorary members his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence; and who, the Committee have the satisfaction to state, has subsequently honoured the Society by becoming its Vice Patron, in the place of his most lamented Royal Highness the Duke of York.

The Committee hope that, by a steady pursuit of, and adherence to, the useful and benevolent objects of the Society, they have met the approbation and strengthened the attachment of their old friends. And it will be seen, in the course of this Report, that the year that has just passed has not been without an accession of new auxiliaries in the cause of benevolence.

During the last year THREE HUNDRED and TEN persons have been saved from drowning, and TWO HUNDRED and EIGHTEEN

claimants rewarded, after the necessary investigation. In addition to which must be kept in mind the numerous accidents *prevented* by the drags, &c. kept at the various stations of the Society, in the ponds and canals surrounding London, as well as on the Serpentine River, during the bathing and skaiting seasons; and from whence, during this present winter, persons have been extricated by the Society's men, who had fallen in, in situations more or less dangerous.

From the friends and families of these individuals, who perhaps, in the midst of health and activity, were gliding over its surface, while death was treacherously slumbering beneath, the Society, who provided the means of their preservation, may surely hope for support!

The Committee beg to draw the attention of the Public to Section V. of this Report, for some useful cautions to skaiters and bathers at these places.*

The last Anniversary Festival of the Society was celebrated at the City of London Tavern, on which occasion his Grace the Duke of Northumberland, the munificent President of the Society, presided.

The following Donations and Subscriptions were received:

	£.	8.	d.
His Grace the Duke of Northumberland, K.G.			
President	100	0	0
Right Hon. the Earl of Caledon, K.P.	10	0	0
Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop			
of London, V. P. Life Director, and H.M.	10	10	0

^{*} This simple statement of the services of the Society during the past year, will, it is hoped, have its effect upon the minds of the Governors and the Public.

REPO	RT.				c		17
Right Hon. the Earl Brownlo	w	_	_	a.	£. 5	s. 5	<i>d</i> . 0
Right Hon. Lord Henniker	_	_	-	_	5	5	0
Hon. Mr. Justice Park	_	_	-	-	2	2	0
Hon. Mr. Justice Gaselee, V. I	Ρ.	-	-	-	5	5	0
Sir Abraham Hume, Bart. V	. P.	-	-	a.	5	5	0
Collection after the Anni	versa	ry :	Sermo	n			
preached at St. Giles's Chu	ırch	on S	Sunda	y,			
April the 9th, by the Right	Ho	ı. and	d Rigl	nt			
Rev. the Lord Bishop of Lo	ondo	n	-	-	86	2	8
Legacy of the late C. Pieschel	l, Es	q.	-	2	36	13	10
Ditto of the late Mrs. N. Park	cer	-	-	-	5 0	0	0
Collection by Robert Patterson	ı, Es	q. an	d Frie	nds	42	0	0
Ditto by J. B. Dickenson, Eso	4. W	are	-	-	6	5	0
Samuel Angell, Esq -	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
George By, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
Joseph Delafield, Esq		-	-	-	10	10	0
Miss L. Hawes	-	-	-	a.	10	10	0
Thomas Hawes, jun. Esq.	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
W. Hawes, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
William Kirk, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
John Nix, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
T. W. Meller, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
Samuel Turner, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
J. B. Turner, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
Francis Weiss, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
J. J. Wilkinson, Esq	-	-	-	-	10	10	0
William Cracroft, Esq	-	-	-	-	5	5	0
T. A. Curtis, Esq. V. P.	-	-	-	-	5	5	0
R. Curry, Esq	-	-	-	-	5	5	0
R. P. Glyn, Esq	-	-	-	-	5	5	0
John Court Lett, Esq	-	-	-	-	5	5	0
A Lady, per T. Wheeler, Es	q.	٠ 🗕	-	-	5	0	0

						£.	s.	d.
Licensed Custom Hou		-	Soc	iety,	\mathbf{per}			
the Treasurer, L. S.	Hall,	Esq.	-	-	-	5	0	0
Messrs. Peacock -	-	-	-	-	a.	5	5	0
S. Samuels, Esq	-	-	-	-	-	5	0	0
G. Welstead, Esq.	-	- ,	-	-	-	5	0	0
Frederick Wetherby, 1	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{sq}$.	-	-		-	5	0	0
Benjamin Cohen, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	0
William Jones, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	0
William Bowles, Esq.	-	-	-	~	_	2	2	0
Colonel Clitheroe -	-	-	-	-	-	2	0	0
S. M. Defflet, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	0
Rev. Isaac Jackman, I	М. А.	-	-	-	a.	2	2	0
John Lambert, Esq.	-	_	-	••	-	2	2	0
Thomas Purvis, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	0
William Row, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	2	0	0
J. F. Vandercom, Esq.	_	-	· -	-	a.	2	2	0
W. S. Angell, Esq.	-	-	. -	_	a.	1	1	0
Bedingfield, Esq.		-	-	-	_	1	1	0
Henry Bilke, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
—— Botterell, Esq.	-	-	-	_	-	1	1	0
William Bowles, Esq.	. -	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
William Bray, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
James Bristow, Esq.		-	-	-	a.	1	1	1
Thomas Brown, Esq.		-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
J. Brunel, Esq.	<u>.</u>	-	-		a.	1	1	0
George Carr, Esq.	_	-	_	-	a.	1	1	0
Signor Cianchettini	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
W. B. Cooper, Esq.		-	-	_	-	1	1	0
William Cousens	-	-	-	-	_	1	1	0
Charles Devon, Esq.		_	_		a.	1	1	0
Thomas Dunkin, Esq.		_	_	_	a.	1	1	0
C. Ellison, Esq.		_	_	_	_	1	1	0
• •								

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Colonel Fearon, C. B.		_	_	_	a.	£.	s. l	<i>d</i> .
Charles Field, Esq.	-	_	_	_	-	1	ī	0
J. H. Forrester, Esq.		_	_	_	_	1	1	0
Edward Forster, Esq.		_	_	_	_	1	ī	0
Samuel Foster, Esq.		_	_	-	_	1	1	0
William Fowler, Esq.		_	_	_	-	1	1	0
Goodwin Es	q.	_	_	-	a.	1	1	0
R. Gurney, Esq.	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
W. Hammond, Esq.		-	-	-	_	1	1	0
James Hartshorne, Esc	1.	-	-	_	a.	1	1	0
Miss S. Hawes	-	_	-	-	a.	1	1	0
J. C. Heard, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
R. Hunter, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
J. B. Jackson, Esq.	_	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
Francis Jones, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
Martin Jones, Esq.	-	-	-	-	•	1	1	0
Rev. Charlton Lane	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
B. Lancaster, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
R. Lauplier, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
W. S. Lobart, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
James Lyon, jun. Esq.		-	-	-	-	1	ł	0
Rev. C. M'Carthy	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Colonel M'Gregor	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Henry Mawley, Esq.		-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
George Milward, jun.	Esq.		-	-	-	1	1	0
J. Montgomery. Esq.		-	-	-	-	1	1	0
J. B. Nichols, Esq. F.	S. A.		-	-	a.	1	1	0
James C. Peach, Esq.		-	-	-	-	1	1	0
George Pearce, Esq.	-	••	-	-	-	1	1	0
Signor Pistrucci	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Alfred Price, Esq.	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Capt. Saumarez	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0

						£.	8.	d.
G. Smith, Esq.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
John Smith, Esq.	-	_	_	-	-	1	1	0
H. G. Stahlschmidt,	Esq.	-	-	_	-	1	1	0
Rev. J. G. Storie	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Sir Herbert Taylor,	K. G.	H.	_	-	a.	1	1	0
Joseph Thompson, E	Sq.	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
J. N. Tyndal, Esq.	_	-	-	-	_	1	1	0
Thomas Williams, E	Zsq.	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
— Williamson,	Esq.	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Wm. Woodward, E	sq.	-	-	_	a.	1	1	0
J. G. Wrench, Esq.	_	-	-	-	_	1	1	0
Mrs. Wrench -	-	-	-	-	a.	1	1	0
Edward Wrench, Es	sq.	-	_	_	a.	l	1	0
Rev. J. G. Wrench	_	_	-	_	a.	1	1	0

Honorary Medallions were presented by His Grace the President, according to the award of the Half-yearly General Court, holden in January 1826, to Mr. George Martell, Surgeon, Captain Robert Patten, R. N.; Mr. Adolphus Ball; Mr. Adam Hogg; Lieutenant Archibald Sinclair, R. N.; Colonel Fearon, C. B.; Colonel M'Gregor; Captain Cobb, of the Honourable East India Company's late ship Kent; Captain Bibby of the Caroline; Mr. Matthew Wallen, mate of the Caroline; and Mr. William Cracroft; whose benevolent and spirited exertions were severally recorded in the Society's Report for the last year.

The Committee have great pleasure in communicating to the Governors and the Public, the establishment of a Humane Society at Boulogne during the last year, the interesting particulars of which are communicated to Mr. Alderman

Atkins, Vice-President of the Society, in a letter, an extract of which the Committee now lay before the public.

After mentioning the appointment of persons to be in attendance on the shore from 4 o'clock in the morning until 8 at night (the usual hours of bathing), to caution the inexperienced, and succour those whom they might find in danger, for whose protection life-preservers, safety-jackets, &c. were provided, Mr. Larking adds, "a boat has also been built for the purpose, and a receiving-house, with bath, copper, bed, blankets, sand-heaters, &c. together with the apparatus as made use of by the Humane Society in England; in short every thing is provided for preventing accidents, and for the restoring suspended animation when those accidents happen. I BELIEVE THIS IS THE FIRST ESTABLISH-MENT OF THE KIND IN THIS COUNTRY, although there appears but little doubt others will follow. I shall take the liberty of applying for the Report of the Society of which you are a Vice-President, not doubting but we shall be favoured with them when asked for under such circumstances." And Mr. Larking adds, in a postscript, "I am this moment informed that two women have been saved from drowning by the assistance of the three men appointed by our new institution, who have not been stationed more than three or four days."

The Committee have also received communications from the Bath, Scarborough, and Copenhagen Humane Societies.

The following is a copy of a letter addressed by several active members of the Copenhagen Humane Society, to the Committee of the Royal Humane Society, and acknowledges the receipt of a case of apparatus for resuscitation.

sent to Copenhagen in return for a portable case of apparatus presented by that Society to the Royal Humane Society, recorded in the last Report:

By the Directors of the Copenhagen Humane Society.

Gentlemen,

We have received a complete case of your apparatus, which was delivered to our colleague, Mr. Mundt, during his stay in London. Various circumstances prevented this gentleman from returning to Copenhagen before the month of July, and at his arrival our chairman was absent. These are the reasons which we must plead as excuses that we have not long ago acknowledged the receipt of your present, which was highly gratifying to us. By examining the case we have found, to our great satisfaction, that the instruments you have chosen, as beneficial, are of the same description as those which we employ, and by means of which we have been fortunate enough, in many cases, to preserve and restore life. You will be pleased to observe that the apparatus we sent to you was only a portable one, fitter for transport than the complete case, and destined to be used in cases of emergency. We congratulate ourselves on this similarity of proceedings, and on the renewed connexion between yours, the mother-society, and ours. shall be very happy in receiving any communication from you, and in acquainting you with what we may deem worthy your attention.

Copenhagen, the 14th of November, 1826.

HERHOLDZ. BLINGBERG.
LAND. J. H. MUNDT.
L. LARSEN. BANDO.
S. VIBORG. SYNNESTVEDT.

To the Royal Humane Society.

The Bath and Scarborough Humane Societies, supported by their active philanthropic friends, continue their career of usefulness.

The Committee beg to draw the attention of the Governors to the following letter from his Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, at the same time gratefully acknowledging his munificent donation; and also one from M. Dedel, communicating his Majesty the King of the Netherlands' gracious acceptance of a copy of the last Annual Report:

Sir, Vigo-street, November 13, 1826.

I have the honour to acquaint you that I have communicated to the Duke of Cambridge the vote of the Board of Directors, constituting his Royal Highness an Honorary Member of the Royal Humane Society, and am commanded to express to you how much satisfaction his Royal Highness feels at the association of his name with an institution eminently calculated to relieve and console the misfortunes and sorrows of mankind.

I am further directed to add a gratifying proof of these sentiments, by transmitting to you, in aid of the Funds of the Society, a donation from his Royal Highness of one hundred pounds.

> I have the honour to be, Sir.

> > Your most obedient humble servant,
> > WILLIAM JONES.

To the Secretary to the Royal Humane Society.

Sir, Bryanston-square, 25 August, 1826.

I am instructed by the Minister for Foreign Affairs at the Hague, to request you to convey to the President, Vice-President, and Directors of the Royal Humane Society, the thanks of his Majesty the King of the Netherlands for the copy of the Fifty-second Annual Report, which you had the goodness to transmit to his Majesty in their name in July last.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

In the absence of the Ambassador,

The Minister Plenipotentiary of the Netherlands,

W. G. DEDEL.

B. Hawes, Esq. Treasurer.

The Society feel it incumbent upon them to express their obligations to the Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Bishop of London, for the Sermon preached by this respected Prelate, for the benefit of the Society, on its Anniversary, at St. Giles's Church, more particularly for his having departed from his custom of not printing his local sermons, by permitting them to publish it:—a Sermon which points out, in peculiarly clear and impressive language, the objects and utility of the Institution. The Governors may obtain it at the Society's House by personal or written application.

The Rev. Robert Fennell has also kindly preached for the Society during the past year. To this gentleman the Committee are bound to express their thanks for his very zealous and constant support of the institution.

The Society have to express their thanks to Vice-Admiral Donelly for his most useful present to the Society of a life-

boat, which has been so successfully used on the Serpentine River this year. Admiral Donelly superintended the construction of the boat himself, and by a very simple contrivance has made it equally useful in summer or winter.

It is gratifying thus to report to the Subscribers the active state of the Society at home, its satisfactory communications with similar Societies abroad, and the accession of new friends and supporters; but it is now their duty to touch the sympathies of all interested in its welfare at the loss of those who were both its ornament and support.

They have to record the lamented death of his Royal Highness the Duke of York, upon which melancholy event the General Court of the Society assembled, and came to the following resolution.

"That this Court having experienced the great benefit which this Institution has received under the patronage of his late Royal Highness the Duke of York, and being deeply impressed with the persuasion that it will sustain a severe loss by his lamented death, do hereby publicly testify their sincere regret at this melancholy event, and express their full conviction, that the memory of this illustrious individual will be long cherished by every friend and member of this Society."

The Society has also to deplore the loss of the Honourable and Right Reverend George Pelham, Lord Bishop of Lincoln; and the Honourable and Right Reverend Edward Legge, Lord Bishop of Oxford; who had severally preached in behalf of the Institution, and lent their powerful assistance to spread from the pulpit a knowledge of the methods recommended by the Society for the preservation of life.

The Society has also to announce the decease of the Honourable and Right Reverend SHUTE BARRINGTON, Lord

Bishop of Durham, who was a warm supporter of its cause; nor did his desire to serve it cease with his life, the Committee having the grateful duty to record a liberal legacy of £500 in behalf of their funds, of which this record is a most inadequate memorial of the extensive and unostentatious, because almost unknown, charities of this late distinguished Prelate.

The Institution has also to lament the death of John Nichols, Esq. F.S.A. This gentleman was the schoolfellow, and throughout life the much-attached friend of Dr. Hawes, the founder of the Humane Society. Mr. Nichols was, for many years, an active and greatly-respected member of this Institution; and in 1824, when in his 80th year, for the *sixth* time served the office of Steward, at the 50th Anniversary Festival of the Society.

At the General Court in January, the Right Honourable and Right Reverend WILLIAM HOWLEY, D. D. Lord Bishop of LONDON, was elected an Honorary Member, as a mark of sincere respect and gratitude to his Lordship for the interest he has taken in the welfare of the Society, for the liberal support his Lordship has extended to it, and the service rendered to it by his excellent sermon.

Honorary Medallions were presented to the following persons:*

MR. T. FITZGERALD, LIEUT. COTESWORTH, LIEUT. MORGAN, MR. WILLIAM DUPRE', MISS SUMNER, and MR. G. SHUTE.

^{*} The particulars of whose disinterested exertions to save life at the risk of their own, are narrated in the following letters.

The first Case exhibits an instance of great intrepidity and courage, and was communicated to the Society by Captain Saumarez, R. N. The Committee have the pleasure to observe that Mr. Fitzgerald received the Society's Honorary Medallion five-and-twenty years since for a similar instance of heroic conduct.

On Tuesday evening, 16th Aug. 1825, as a number of young persons were fishing at Mutton Cove, Devonport, a fine boy, about seven years of age, son of a shipwright named May, belonging to the dock-yard, fell off the pier into the sea: Mr. FITZGERALD, purser of the Britannia, who at some distance saw a rush of people to the spot, and concluding that some individual was in imminent danger, ran to the scene of confusion and dismay. The lapse of a few seconds would prove fatal. Mr. Fitzgerald threw off his coat and plunged into the water, when, on looking around him, he found the boy had disappeared. Having somewhat recovered his breath, he dived, and remained so long under water as to excite serious apprehensions in the minds of the spectators that neither he nor the boy would again be seen. All this time, as it will be easily conceived, he was in search of his object; and, to the joy of the anxious crowd upon the pier, at length reached the surface—the boy held by his left hand above water, while he struggled with the other for the shore. The tide being at ebb, drifted them to leeward, and they reached that part of the pier which unfortunately did not admit Mr. Fitzgerald, by the least projection (the surface being very smooth), to lay hold of any substance that could afford him support. Several boats were in an adjoining basin, but amidst the confusion not one came in time to the spot; providentially however two marines arrived, whose assistance rescued Mr.

Fitzgerald from his perilous situation. The boy was immediately taken to his parents, and is now perfectly recovered. His preserver on landing was exhausted, and appeared, under the influence of a lethargic delirium, totally unconscious for some time after the occurrence that had happened; on being restored to recollection, his first impulse was to search his waistcoat pocket, where he had fifty pounds which he had that morning received at the Victualling Office, but it was gone, nor has any part been traced, although two confidential persons have since, at periods when the tide admitted, been seeking after it.

In Sept. 1801, too, and during a dark and stormy night off Rochfort, in H. M. S. Achille, then going between six and seven knots, working off a lee-shore under a press of sail, and about half-past nine at night there was a cry of " A man overboard!" Mr. Fitzgerald, who was sitting at the ward-room table, instantly sprung upon the rudderhead, threw up the ward-room window and jumped into the sea; before a boat could be lowered he had gone so far astern as to be out of sight; however, most fortunately, and indeed miraculously, the boat at length found him, together with a little boy, whose life he was instrumental in saving, and who, though apparently dead when brought on board, is now an officer, likely to prove an ornament to his Majesty's service-he is the brother to Colonel Seal, of Mount Boon, near Dartmouth. Mr. Fitzgerald, as may be supposed, was nearly exhausted when taken up by the boat. In this latter case the Royal Humane Society awarded a medal to Mr. Fitzgerald.

The accompanying letter was communicated through Capt. Sir John Phillimore, C.B. of his Majesty's ship Thetis:

Sir,

His Majesty's Ship Thetis, Hamoaze, 17th Oct. 1820.

Agreeably to your letter of the 21st of April, I have to acquaint you that the accident in Yarmouth Roads, therein referred to, took place on the 11th of October, 1825; and beg to state to you, for the information of the Committee of the Royal Humane Society, that on the 7th of September last, in piping the hammocks down on board his Majesty's ship under my command, at sea, one of them fell overboard. In lowering a boat to pick it up, the boat's gripes were foul rowlocks, and a man was precipitated into The life-buoy was cut away, and Lieutenant Cotesworth immediately jumped overboard from the taffarel, and conducted the man to the life-buoy, by which means the man's life was saved, as he probably would not have not seen the life-buoy, it being dark, and the ship, at time, going between three and four knots. This is the sixth time that this gallant officer has jumped overboard since he has belonged to the Thetis, to save the lives of others, and has always succeeded.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
J. Phillimore, Captain.

The next is that of Lieut. Morgan, who rescued, at the imminent risk of his own life, an old man from drowning, in Lougher Ford, detailed in the accompanying letter from Capt. Wedge:

Sir, Lougher, near Swansea, 31 Dec. 1825.

I have the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of your favour of the 28th instant; - and in reply, concerning the case of Lieut. Morgan, have to observe, that I was an eyewitness of the transaction, which happened at ten o'clock on Thursday morning, October the 20th. An elderly person, of the name of David Morgan, was attempting to cross the Lougher Ford, situated between Glamorganshire and Carmarthenshire, on a donkey, when, unfortunately, the current going strong, carried him and the donkey into deep water. The weather being very cold and tempestuous, and no boat near at the time, Lieut. Morgan, at much risk to his own life, with great resolution and promptitude. swam to his assistance, and saved the poor old man from drowning. There were great numbers of people looking on at the time, but none of them had the temerity to go to his rescue. The Corporation of this town did, in consequence, present him with the freedom of the borough.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Josh, Thos. Wedge.

P.S. When the old man was taken out of the water, he was to all appearance nearly dead. He was taken to a copper-house close at hand; when, by the warmth of the fires, and hot bricks applied to his feet, he recovered his recollection in about *two hours*, but continued very weak for several weeks. He is now quite recovered, and follows his trade of a leatherseller.

The accompanying statement reflects great credit on the prompt and humane conduct of Mr. WILLIAM DUPRE, son of the Rev. Thomas Dupré, of Great Berkhampstead. The

circumstances are briefly these:—A poor boy of the name of Bosswell fell from the cabin of a barge into the Grand Junction canal into deep water. The lock-keeper, seeing the child drowning, rushed into the water up to his chest; but not being a good swimmer, could not venture out of his depth. The Rev. Anthony Chester, in a letter addressed to the Secretary, states, that "Mr. William Dupré, who was at some distance, came up and plunged into the water, and succeeded in laying hold of the child, after he had sunk several times." Mr. Chester adds: "From all I have been able to gather, Mr. William Dupré's conduct was highly meritorious, and deserving the attention of the Royal Humane Society."

Such cases as the following but rarely occur under the Society's notice, it being one in which a lady has been instrumental, under Divine Providence, in rescuing from an untimely grave a child which had fallen into the Thames at Mapledurham.

It points out the great advantage of circulating the Society's method of treatment, and the importance of attending to the instructions contained therein; and whilst it reflects the highest credit on Miss Sumner, both for her courage, humanity, and perseverance, it demonstrates especially the necessity of trying the means recommended by this Institution, and has been transmitted by one of the Society's most able supporters. The following is an extract from a private letter, detailing the facts of the case:

My DEAR SIR, Goring, June 13th, 1826.

Knowing the deep interest you take in that valuable Institution, the Humane Society, and that perhaps you

might think the case worthy of notice in your Reports, and it might prove a stimulus to other young women, in the higher ranks of life, to imitate her laudable example.

Were this a matter of regular business, perhaps it ought to be addressed to the Secretary of the Society; but Mr. Tell has taken me by surprise, and asked me to send you the account in a way that I could not well refuse. This must be my apology.

Last week, at Mapledurham, some children went over the Thames in a boat; one of them fell into the water, and was supposed to be drowned. It was a considerable time in the water, and was turned quite black and swollen. young lady, the daughter of the Prebendary of Durham (Dr. Sumner), who is Vicar of the above place, happened to be reading, the morning the accident occurred, the Royal Humane Society's Report. This ladv, very soon after, heard that a child was drowned; and without communicating her intention to her parents, or any one else, she immediately hastened to where the child was laid, with the valuable book in her hand, which she had been studying at breakfast time. She used the means there recommended: and to her great joy, and the astonishment of all, it pleased God to bless her endeavours, and she was the instrument of saving the life of a fellow being!

The last case is one which reflects much credit on the professional skill of Mr. G. Shute, Surgeon, Watford. The subject of it, Robert Bates, was rescued from the river Colne by Mr. Barnard Sanders, who sprang into the water, and succeeded in getting the child out, to all appearance drowned. This is not the first instance in which Mr. Shute

has successfully employed the means recommended by the Society for the recovery of suspended animation.

SIR, Watford, Feb. 13, 1827.

I beg leave to transmit to the Royal Humane Society the particulars and treatment of the following case:

In July, 1826, I was called to attend Robert Bates, a little boy eight years of age, who, whilst bathing in the river Colne, at Watford, went out of his depth; and, after some ineffectual struggling, sank.

When I first saw him, he had been taken out of the water about ten minutes, and life appeared totally extinct. I immediately had recourse to hot blankets, and kept up a successive application of hot water to the trunk at intervals, using friction of volatile alkali over the chest.

Persevering with this method about three quarters of an hour, I thought I would stimulate the nostrils with a few drops of spirit of hartshorn. A slight effort to cough immediately succeeded this instillation, of which I took advantage, by conveying a little weak brandy and water into the stomach. Coughing now became more powerful, and in a few minutes he vomited between two and three pints of water. By this time the action of the heart had regained its natural impetus, and a little more brandy and water was given. He was enveloped in another hot blanket, conveyed home, and put to bed. He then fell asleep, and continued in the same state six hours.

On waking in the evening, without being conscious of what had occurred, I again saw him, and finding his respiration accelerated, with a pulse of 120 in a minute, four ounces of blood were abstracted from the arm, some thin

gruel given, and in the morning an opening powder. This succeeded in its effect, and his daily recovery followed.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

GAY SHUTE, Surgeon.

To J. Frost, Esq.
Secretary to the Royal Humane Society,
29, Bridge Street, Blackfriars.

The same General Court also awarded their thanks on vellum to the following gentlemen, for their respective services in the cause of humanity:

To Lieut. Nash, of the Royal Navy, who very gallantly jumped over board with his clothes on, from his Majesty's ship Thetis, and succeeded in rescuing a seaman from drowning in the Yarmouth Roads. This service was attended with great personal risk, as the vessel was going at the rate of several knots an hour, and Lieut. Nash had to keep the man up till the Thetis's boat could reach them; and from the rapidity of the tide, they had been carried a considerable distance from the ship.

To Mr. Jonathan Percy, who happily succeeded in rescuing Edward Jones from drowning in a pond near Shrewsbury. The particulars of the case are contained in the following account, submitted to the Society by several of the principal inhabitants of the town. Mr. Perry was passing along the town walls leading from the Wyle Cop to the Crescent, when he heard the cries of distress. He hurried down a garden below the Tower, and over a high fence, where he found some persons standing around a piece of water called "The Stew." Whilst he questioned the people standing near this pool, a hand was put forth a few inches above the

ice: on seeing which Mr. Perry promptly fastened round his own waist a rope which a person had brought to the spot, and rushed into the pool. After breaking the ice, and feeling under water a little while, the arm of the poor boy came in contact with Mr. Perry, who grasped him, and desired the persons on the margin to drag him to land, accompanied by the youth whom he humanely and heroically thus rescued. The boy appeared wholly exhausted, but by Mr. Pritchard's timely attendance he was fully restored. We need not heap any praise upon Mr. Perry, nor any censure upon those spectators who refrained from attempting to save the boy before Mr. Perry arrived at the spot. After this, will the assertion still be repeated, that the pecuniary rewards of "the Shrewsbury Humane Society" are useless? The rescuer of this youth has received his reward by the result of his humane efforts. appears that persons were on the spot who did not exercise humane efforts: to them, therefore pecuniary rewards are necessary.

To Mr. N. Adams, apothecary to the Winchester County Hospital, who employed the means recommended by the Society, in restoring a child named William Wigg from drowning. This case affords another proof of the necessity of following the instructions laid down by the Institution, and is a gratifying proof of the ability and perseverance of Mr. Adams.

- To Mr. Barnard Sanders, of Watford, who very courageously leaped from Watford Bridge into the river Colne, and rescued from the current Robert Bates, a child who had got out of his depth whilst bathing. It being springtide, the water was unusually deep. An alarm was given that a child was drowning, and Mr. Barnard Saunders,

although much heated by the intensity of the weather (last July), instantly leaped into the water, and was so fortunate as to have the felicity of bringing out the child, which, after some time, was resuscitated by Mr. G. Shute.

The following letter was also read:

SIR,

The Committee desire to acquaint you that the number of lives restored in this Hospital, apparently still born, now amount to 875, of whom six were restored in the past year (1826).

I remain, Sir,

With best wishes for the Humane Society,
Your and the Committee's obedient
and respectful servant,

A. HIGHMORE, Secretary.

London Lying-in Hospital, 24 Jan, 1827.

J. Frost, Esq. Secretary to the Royal Humane Society.

The Committee hope that the Public will see, by the preceding statement, that the interests of the Royal Humane Society have not been allowed to slumber in their hands; and they hope, at the same time, that it will be conceded to them by all, that the object of the Society is of the first importance, and to all equally interesting; for, from the dangers it provides against, none can be exempted.

The Committee trust that the facts they have stated in the Report will prove an inducement to the Public to support the Society; and that the pains they have been at to prevent accidents on the Serpentine River and the Canal in St. James's Park, will not be lost upon the Public.

Until the Society stationed men, and provided ropes, boats, &c. for the prevention of accident, not a single year

passed without a painful loss of life. The Committee, thinking it their duty, having a Receiving-House on the spot, to render the Institution as eminently useful as possible, went to a considerable expence to prevent the recurrence of such fatal accidents as had occurred. They have been eminently successful this year; no less than 231 persons having been rescued from an untimely death.

The value of the Establishment will, it is hoped, from this plain statement, be self evident. Its advantages are not confined to any, but benefit all alike—the rich and the poor, who equally enjoy the animating exercise of skaiting. It is during this moment of enjoyment that the Society keeps a vigilant eye over their safety.

The Committee, therefore, trust that the Public will still come forward, to enable them to extend more widely their labours, in which the welfare and happiness of so many are involved.

They propose, the next year, by application to the proper authorities, to appoint men to act, in case of need, on the piece of water in the Regent's Park, where fatal accidents have numerously occurred.

The increased expences, thus incurred, they are sure that public feeling and philanthropy will enable the Society to support, and thus augment those benefits, which, for the last fifty-three years, it has had the happiness to dispense.

SECTION IV.

APPARATUS FOR RESUSCITATION.

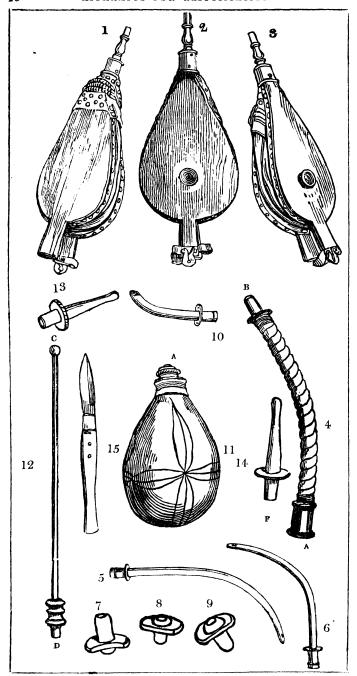


Description of the different Instruments contained in the Society's Case of Apparatus for Resuscitation.

Figs. 1, 2, 3, are different views of a pair of Bellows, for inflating the lungs.

Fig. 4, a short flexible Tube, for conveying air into the lungs; A the inferior extremity, to be attached to the nozle of the Bellows; B, the other extremity, plugs into the silver Tubes, Figs. 5, 6; and the Nostril Pipes, Figs. 7, 8, 9, for inflating.

- Fig. 10, a curved Tube to be inserted into an artificial opening in the Trachea, when it is thought proper to perform the operation of tracheotomy; and is to be connected with the Bellows through the intervention of the flexible Tube, Fig. 4.
- Fig. 11, an elastic Bottle, for injecting fluids into the stomach through the flexible Tube, Fig. 12; A, the mouth of the Bottle, to be attached to the extremity of the flexible Tube at D.
- Fig. 12, a flexible Tube (of the same composition as flexible Catheters) to be introduced into the esophagus, for conveying spirits, &c. into the stomach before the power of swallowing be returned; c, the extremity, to be passed down the esophagus; D, the other extremity, to be connected with the elastic bottle at A, containing the fluid to be injected.
- Figs. 13 and 14, are two Clyster Pipes for administering enemas: they fit at F, into the elastic Bottle at B.
- Fig. 15, a scalpal for performing the operation of tracheotomy.



SECTION V.

METHODS OF TREATMENT.

1. General Directions for the Treatment of the Drowned.

AFTER the body is found, particular care should be taken to employ the following means in the order described, and as quickly as possible; but in the precipitancy and confusion usual upon such occasions, to avoid cautiously every kind of violence and rough usage. It is of the utmost importance, first, to cleanse the mouth and nostrils, strip off the wet clothes, wipe and clean the body, and wrap it in dry clothes or blankets, before it is removed; in order to obviate evaporation and the effects of exposure to a cold medium. By either of these causes the temperature of the body would be greatly reduced, and the prospects of resuscitation diminished. The colder the weather, the more desirable it will be to strip off the wet clothes, and promptly to put on dry ones: this should be done upon the spot, unless a convenient place is near at hand to carry into execution the more material preparations. An error in the first steps of the resuscitative process may be fatal. It cannot, therefore, be too strongly urged upon those who humanely assist in these early moments, and who are seldom professional men, rigidly to adhere to these few articles of our instructions; they may thus effectually prepare the way for the restoration of life. If they attempt to take more upon themselves,

their intentions, though good, may be subversive of the end in view, and defeat the designs of the medical attendant.— More individuals are lost from the irregularity and want of order in the employment of the first means, than from any The time that is spent by the humane assistother cause. ant in the faithful and exact adoption of our instructions, in the first steps of the resuscitative process, is as profitably employed as the time and judgment of the medical man can be; for he cannot exert his skill till the preparations have all been made. Neither coldness of the body, nor the length of time it may have been under the water, should dishearten the assistant from a rigorous and unremitting His services are, in short, inperseverance in his efforts. We cannot, therefore, in too strong terms calculable. solicit his exact compliance with our instructions. veying the body it will be necessary for the assistant to forbid persons lifting the body up by the shoulders, or taking hold of the legs with a view to carry it forward. posture it will be impossible to prevent the head from hanging back or bending forward upon the breast, either of which positions for the head is injurious. The best way to carry the body is to place it in a recumbent posture, on the back, with the head and breast raised, on a door or board, When arrived in the room prepared to reor in a cart. ceive it, the body should be stripped and covered with warm blankets, and placed on a table of a convenient height, to admit of the processes being employed with facility, taking care to keep the head and chest raised, and to have the nostrils and mouth thoroughly cleansed. If these are in any degree obstructed, the resuscitative process is not likely Both the nostrils and mouth should be free to succeed. and open.

We shall now proceed to point out the resuscitative process, which consists in restoring Respiration and Circulation. Sense and motion are suspended in the drowned person: both are capable of being recalled by the use of artificial respiration and the application of continual warmth.

In all cases of suspended animation, artificial respiration is certainly of the highest importance: if however there be no means present of putting it in immediate execution, the next important step, viz. the application of warmth, should be used without loss of time: and even when the process of inflation be already commenced, as it will not interfere with it, it should be adopted simultaneously.

Preparatives.

Cleanse the mouth and nostrils.

Strip, dry, and re-clothe the body with all possible despatch, or put it into blankets; do this on the spot, unless a convenient place be near at hand; in which case, convey it, before you strip the body, to such suitable spot.

Place it on the back on a table, if there be one of a convenient height, covered with blankets. Raise the head, shoulders, and chest, and support them in that position.—Wrap the body as soon as possible in warm blankets

2. RESUSCITATIVE PROCESS.

- 1. Artificial respiration to be performed by two assistants.
- 2. Heat to be applied by two or three assistants, as directed below.
 - 3. Friction.
 - 4. Stimulants.
 - 5. Bleeding in some particular cases.

1. Artificial Respiration.

This is a most important part of the process of Resusci-Artificial warmth, however, and artificial respiration should be simultaneously employed. For accomplishing the latter process, two assistants will be required, to whom a knowledge of those parts of the body to which the instruments intended to convey the atmospheric air into the lungs are to be applied, is essential, to give the process a Should no medical man, however, be at fair and full trial. hand, two intelligent assistants might attempt the operation, by only inserting the pipe of a pair of common bellows into one nostril, while the mouth and opposite nostril are closed by the other assistant, and the wind-pipe, in the superior prominent part commonly called Adam's Apple, gently pressed back. Then, by forcing air into the lungs, and alternately expelling it by pressing the chest, respiration may be imitated. When a case of instruments can be procured, the preference should be given to them; but in the event of their not being at hand, the substitutes are, a pair of common bellows, a box-wood tube, or wine-strainer, or horn, or conical tube of stiff paper or leather.

Particulars on the Modes of Inflation.

The subject being placed in as advantageous a situation as circumstances will permit, the bellows should be applied to one nostril, while the other nostril and the mouth are kept closed, and the lower end of the prominent part of the wind-pipe is pressed backward and a little downward. The bellows are to be worked in this situation; and when the

chest is swelled by it, the bellows should stop, the pressure should be removed from the nostril, and an assistant should press upon the chest, so as to expel the air. The bellows should then be applied as before, the nostril again closed, and the chest again pressed: this process should be repeated from fifteen to twenty times in a minute, so as to imitate natural breathing as nearly as possible. As the trachea (windpipe) is always open through the glottis (the opening of the larynx at the bottom of the tongue), air conveyed through the mouth, the nostrils being closed, would necessarily pass into the lungs: if the cartilage of the larynx (the cartilaginous tube, situate behind the tongue) be pressed against the vertebra (bones of the neck), which it ought always to be, so as to close the asophagus (gullet), and prevent the passage of the air into the stomach, and at the same time the mouth and left nostril be closed, and the pipe of the bellows inserted into the right nostril, the air will pass into the lungs through the wind-pipe, because that is the only opening through which it can pass: its passage into the œsophagus, or its egress through the mouth or left nostril, being prevented in the manner above described.

The mode of inflation, as expressed by Dr. Curry, is as follows *:

"While an assistant sustains the box-wood tube (into which a common pair of bellows can be made, by the assistance of a strip of linen, ribbon, or tape, to fit accurately) in one nostril, and stops the other nostril with his left hand, and with his right accurately closes the mouth, another assistant (who ought to be placed on the opposite, or left hand of the body) is, with his right hand, to press backwards

^{*} Dr. Curry's Observations on Apparent Death, p. 49.

and draw gently downwards towards the chest the upper part of the wind-pipe, that part which lies a little below the chin, and which, from its prominence in men, is vulgarly called Adam's apple; by doing this, the gullet, or passage into the stomach, will be completely stopped up, whilst the wind-pipe will be rendered more open, to let the air pass freely into the lungs. The left hand of this second assistant is to be spread lightly over the pit of the stomach, ready to compress the chest, and expel the air again, as soon as the lungs have been moderately filled; the first assistant unstopping the mouth or nostril at the same time to let the air escape. The same operation is to be repeated, in a regular and steady manner, either until natural respiration begins, or until this and the other measures recommended have been persisted in for at least SIX HOURS, without any appearance of returning life."

2.—Heat.

"While some assistants are engaged with Artificial Respiration, others we have already hinted should be employed in communicating continued heat to the body. Dry warm blankets, bags of warm grains, or sand-bladders, or bottles of hot water, or hot bricks, or blankets wrung out of hot water, are amongst the means most easily obtained. The body may be placed before a fire, or in the sun-shine, if strong at the time. Whatever may the means employed, the restoration of warmth should always be assiduously pursued." Should the accident happen in the neighbourhood of a steam-engine, brewhouse, bakehouse, or any fabric where warm water may be easily procured, it would be of great importance to place the body in a warm bath, mo-

degrees. The warmth most promising of success is that of a heated bed or blankets. Bottles of hot water should be laid at the bottom of the feet, to the joints of the knees, and under the arm-pits; and a warming-pan moderately heated, or hot bricks wrapped in cloths, should be passed over the body, and particularly in the direction of the spine. A large bladder should be applied filled with hot water, and inclosed in flannel, to the region of the stomach and heart. The natural and kindly warmth of a healthy person, lying by the side of the body, has been found, in some cases of adults, and particularly of children, very efficacious; but the warm bath, where it can be procured, is preferable to all other means of communicating heat.

3.—Friction.

Friction should at first be used as a means of increasing warmth; and subsequently, when the lungs have been successfully inflated for some time, as a means of assisting the circulation of the blood. Gentle friction with a warm hand is the most likely to accomplish both these ends.

4.—Stimulants.

These means are employed on the supposition that the vital powers exist, and are in a state to be called into action. Irritation given to the *nose* has considerable influence in exciting the action of the muscles concerned in respiration; for this purpose the nostrils may be occasionally touched with a feather dipped in spirits of hartshorn, aromatic spirit

of vinegar, &c. During life, the skin loses sensibility in proportion as it is deprived of heat, and does not recover it again until the natural degree of warmth be restored.-Previous to the restoration of heat, therefore, to a drowned body, all stimulating applications are useless; and so far as they interfere with the other measures, are also prejudicial. -The skin having in some degree recovered its sensibility, spirit of hartshorn, or eau de luce, held closely applied, or a liniment of equal parts of spirit of hartshorn and salad oil, may be rubbed on the wrists, ancles, temples, and parts opposite the stomach and heart. Introduce some moderately warm and stimulating liquor into the stomach by means of a syringe and flexible tube, such as half a pint of warm negus, or water with spirits of hartshorn, mustard, or essence of peppermint. Till the power of swallowing is pretty well restored, it will be dangerous to attempt getting fluids down the throat in any other way. The best time to administer a stimulating cordial of the above kind is a few minutes after the other parts of the process is begun. A clyster, of a pint or more of water, moderately warmed, with the addition of the materials before mentioned, or of rum, brandy, or gin, may be administered.

5.—Bleeding.

Bleeding in Suspended Animation requires the utmost caution. In such cases the right side of the heart and the veinous system will often be gorged with blood, and the abstraction of a small quantity from the external jugular vein may relieve the brain, and contribute to the restoration of life. The quantity, however, necessary for accomplishing this purpose should not exceed from an ounce and a half to

four ounces; as it is evident that great danger of extinguishing vitality would be incurred by abstracting much in a case of suspended vital action.

Instances of suspension by the cord will especially require the moderate use of bleeding. When re-animation has taken place, it will be evident that the use of the lancet may be of essential service where a high degree of excitement takes place, or symptoms of inflammation appear. In such cases the quantity of blood to be taken away must of course be regulated by the prevalent symptoms, and the constitututional powers of the patient.

Respecting the abstraction of blood, considerable diversity of opinion still prevails among those who have paid much attention to the subject; some believing it to be wholly objectionable, while others consider it, in some cases, to be decidedly beneficial. In all instances the intelligent practitioner should be guided by the particular circumstances of each individual case; and whilst he should relieve any obvious turgescence, or preternatural distension of any important organ, he should be sparing in exhausting the already diminished powers of the system by a greater loss of blood than the necessity of the particular case may require.

Management after Recovery.

The greatest possible care is required to maintain the restored actions; so as on the one hand to avoid excitement, or on the other to prevent their cessation. If suicide has been attempted, and thus happily prevented, we cannot but impress the necessity of the most guarded conduct. This part will most likely devolve entirely on the Medical Practitioner.



Rejected Means.

Holding up by the Heels—Rolling on Casks, Emetics— Friction with Salt or Spirits—Injection of Tobacco Infusion or Smoke—Snuff.

2. TREATMENT OF PERSONS APPARENTLY DEAD FROM HANGING.

Remove the ligature from the neck. Lay the body in the posture recommended for drowned persons, but let the head and shoulders be raised higher.

The same measures recommended for drowned persons are also necessary in these cases.

Bleeding may be requisite.*

The cord compresses the veins of the neck, and prevents the blood from the head returning to the heart; but while respiration continues, blood is sent to the head. Great fulness of vessels, amounting in some cases to apoplexy, is the consequence. The jugular vein is recommended to be opened, rather than a vein in the arm. The quantity of blood to be abstracted must be enough to unload and relieve the vessels of the head, without weakening the powers of life, or cupping may be advantageously employed. After recovery, blood may be, and often is, required to be taken away in much larger quantity than previously to the renewal of respiration; for, although the circulation is first impeded, the cause of death is the supension of respiration.

^{*} See Article Bleeding, p. 48.

4. TREATMENT OF PERSONS SUFFOCATED.

All gases, wanting admixture of oxygen, are totally unfit for respiration; and no gas is properly qualified for the due and natural performance of this important function but atmospheric air.

Carbonic acid gas, the product of respiration, of combustion, of burning charcoal, of fermentation, and found in abundance in caverns, mines, wells, brewers' vats, &c. is noxious. It destroys the faculty of life, called irritability; the muscles of an animal so killed do not contract when stimulated.

Exposure to cold air, and sprinkling or affusion with cold water, are the remedies, in addition to those recommended for the drowned, which experience sanctions.

Inflating the lungs with alkaline vapour has been proposed; but oxygen gas, as employed by Dr. Babington, is preferable.

The body should be naked, laid in the open air, with the head and shoulders considerably raised. Cold water should be dashed smartly and repeatedly on the head, neck, breast, &c. until the temperature of the body be reduced to its natural standard, or until signs of life appear. If the body, however, be under the natural temperature, then it will be necessary to apply heat. In the mean time, the measures recommended for the drowned must be adopted. Bleeding may be sometimes requisite. A brisk purgative or emetic will remove the violent pain in the stomach which sometimes occurs after recovery.

5. TREAMENT OF PERSONS SMOTHERED.

If the body be warmer than natural, reduce the temperature. Inflate the lungs, and adopt the means recommended for the recovery of the drowned.

6. Treatment of Still-Born Children.

Inflation of the lungs by bellows and by breathing. Application of warm flannels; putting the body into warm water. Moderate frictions upon the chest with the naked hand. Gentle agitations. Stimulants to the nose, temples, and pit of the stomach.

If after birth respiration has not begun, and the pulsation in the navel string continues, do not be in haste to tie it, unless the state of the mother requires it: for bleeding will rarely occur till the after-birth is separated from the uterus.

"Before children are born, and until they have begun to cry, the tongue," says Dr. Curry, "is drawn back into the throat, so that a kind of valve, which is attached to its roof, is shut down over the opening into the wind-pipe, and the entrance of any foreign matter into the lungs thereby prevented. A finger should thereby be introduced into the throat, and the root of the tongue be drawn forward, and this valve raised, before we proceed to inflation. The upper part of the wind-pipe should also be pressed gently backwards and downwards, as already noticed in the treatment of drowned persons."

7.—TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING.

When persons happen to be overtaken by a thunder storm, although they may not be terrified by the lightning, yet they naturally wish for shelter from the rain which usually attends it: and therefore, if no house be at hand, generally take refuge under the nearest tree they can find. But in doing this, they unknowingly expose themselves to a double danger; first, because their clothes being thus kept dry, their bodies are rendered more liable to injury, the lightning often passing harmlessly over a body whose surface is wet: and secondly, because a tree, or any elevated object, instead of warding off, serves to attract and conduct the lightning, which in its passage to the ground frequently rends the trunks or branches, and kills any person or animal who happens to be close to it at the time. Instead of seeking protection, then, by retiring under the shelter of a tree, hay-rick, pillar, wall, or hedge, the person should either pursue his way to the nearest house, or get to a part of the road or field which has no high object that can draw the lightning towards it, and remain there until the storm has subsided.

It is particularly dangerous to stand near leaden spouts, iron gates, or palisadoes, at such times: metals of all kinds have so strong a conducting power for lightning, as frequently to lead it out of the course which it would otherwise have taken.

When in the house, avoid sitting or standing near the window, door, or walls, during a thunder gust. The nearer you are placed to the middle of a room, the better.

The greatest danger to be apprehended from lightning is

explosion of powder magazines; which might in a great degree be secured from danger by insulation, or by lining the bulk-heads and flooring with materials of a nonconducting nature, the expence of which would not be great.

When a person is struck by lightning, strip the body, and throw buckets-full of cold water over it for ten or fifteen minutes; let continued frictions and inflations of the lungs be also practised; let gentle shocks of electricity be made to pass through the chest, when a skilful person can be procured to administer them: and apply blisters to the breast.

Dr. Curry very earnestly advises the use of electricity in these cases of apparent death. "This recommendation," says he, "does not depend upon mere theory, but is drawn from instances of its success in real cases, as well as in experiments made upon fowls and other small animals, which, after being completely deprived of sense and motion by a strong electrical shock passed through the head or chest, were perfectly recovered by transmitting slighter shocks through the same parts: and in this way animation has been suspended and restored alternately, for a considerable number of times. Besides, persons seemingly killed by lightning have frequently been restored by the ordinary means used in other cases of apparent death;* and from the superior stimulant power of electricity, there is every reason to think that it would have been successful in many cases. where these alone have failed.+

^{*} See Reports of the Society for 1787, 1788, and 1789, pages 153 and 155.

[†] Curry's Observations, &c. p. 95.

8.—Treatment of the Effects of Drinking Cold Water, or Cold Liquors of any kind, in Warm Weather, or when heated by Exercise or otherwise.

Avoid drinking whilst warm, or drink only a small quantity at once, and let it remain a short time in the mouth before swallowing it; or wash the hands and face, and rince the mouth with cold water before drinking. If these precautions have been neglected, and the disorder incident to drinking cold water has been produced, the first, and in most instances the only, remedy to be administered, is sixty drops of liquid laudanum in spirit and water, or warm drink of any kind.

If this should fail of giving relief, the same quantity may be given twenty minutes afterwards.

When laudanum cannot be obtained, rum and water, or warm water, should be given. Vomits and bleeding should not be used without consulting a physician.

9.—TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF EXCESSIVE COLD.

Persons are in danger of being destroyed by it when they become very drowsy, and are affected with general numbness or insensibility of the body. As the cold which proves fatal generally affects the feet first, great care should be taken to keep them as warm as possible, by protecting them, when exposed to cold, with wool, or woollen socks within the shoes or boots, or with large woollen stockings drawn over them, or, when riding, with hay or straw wrapped round them; by keeping up a brisk circulation in the blood

vessels of the feet, which will be best preserved by avoiding tight boots or shoes, and moving the feet constantly; or, when this is impracticable, from a confined situation, and two or more persons are exposed together, by placing their feet, without shoes, against each other's breasts.

Where the cold has produced apparent death, the body should be placed in a room without fire, and rubbed steadily with snow, or cloths wet with cold water, at the same time that the bellows is directed to be applied to the nose, and used as in the case of drowning. This treatment should be continued a long time, although no signs of life appear; for some persons have recovered who appeared lifeless for several hours.

When the limbs only are affected by the cold, they should be rubbed gently with snow, or bathed in cold water, with ice in it, until the feeling and power of motion return; after which the bathing, or the rubbing with snow, is to be repeated once every hour, and continued a longer or shorter time, as the pains are more or less violent.

10. TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF NOXIOUS VAPOURS FROM WELLS, CELLARS, FERMENTING LIQUORS, &c.

Procure a free circulation of air, either by ventilators, or opening the doors or windows where it is confined, or by changing the air, by keeping fires in the infected place, or by throwing in stone-lime recently powdered.

Before any person descends in a well or vault, whether it has been closed any time or not, it is right to try whether the air be such that a person can breathe in it. This is to be done by letting a lighted candle slowly down, as, where a candle will burn, there a man can probably breathe: and

if the candle goes out, no one must venture down till the well be cleared, and the place at which the candle goes out will shew the height to which the foul air reaches. This air is what is called by chemists carbonic acid gas, being the same as that which proceeds from burning charcoal, and from brewing vats. Some soils make this more than others, especially a blue gault. This air, being heavier than the common air, sinks to the bottom, and must be drawn out; which may be effected by letting down a long tube or pipe, the upper end of which is to be closely attached to the valve underneath a pair of blacksmith's bellows, and then by working the bellows the air may be drawn out of the well; or the air may be baled out with a bucket, or dislodged by a wind sail as used on board ships.

11. TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF OXALIC ACID.

Oxalic acid and Epsom salt bear great resemblance to each other, which has led to great loss of life, but they may with facility be distinguished. The former (oxalic acid) has an extremely sour or acid taste, and the latter (Epsom salt) has a bitter saline nauseating one; the mere precaution of tasting the suspected solution before swallowing it is the most simple and easy way of ascertaining one from the other. Whenever a quantity of Oxalic acid has been swallowed, either intentionally or accidentally, the best thing to be done till medical aid arrives, is to administer a mixture formed of either chalk, whitening, or magnesia and water; this mixture should be of the consistence of cream, and a wine glass full of it should be given directly, and repeated in a quarter of an hour. Should vomiting not come on, it should be excited by a large dose of warm water. But no time should be lost in obtaining medical assistance.

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12. Treatment of the effects of Poisonous Vegetables.

Several cases of poisoning by noxious vegetables having come to the knowledge of the Committee, they have considered it expedient to insert some remarks on the best mode of obviating their fatal effects. Every body who has observed wild plants, or weeds, cannot but be struck with the resemblance which many of them bear to a well-known culinary vegetable, parsley. There are a great number, comparatively, of plants (not excepting several kinds of hemlock) that are like parsley in their general appearance, therefore the parents and nurses of children should be careful not to allow them to pick any parsley-like wild plants, as they are for the most part poisonous.

Should it appear that a child has swallowed a portion of a plant of this nature, it is important that the public should know what to administer during the lapse of time that takes place before the arrival of a medical man.

Large doses of olive or salad oil, with warm water, should be given every ten minutes, till free sickness is produced. Small quantities, say a tea-spoonful or two of vinegar, given after vomiting has been fully excited, prove beneficial.

13. TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF LAUDANUM.

The plan to be adopted will be precisely the same as that recommended in the last chapter, but no time should be lost in gaining medical assistance.

14. TREATMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF ARSENIC.

As cases are continually occurring in which arsenic is taken with the intention of destroying life, the Committee are desirous of putting the public in possession of the best means to be adopted till medical assistance can be procured, to obtain which no time should be lost. Violent vomiting, great pain at the pit of the stomach, thirst, and a sense of burning heat about the throat, are the most prominent symptoms which characterize the effects of arsenic, and which are followed by delirium, convulsions, and death; in order to avert which, vomiting should be increased and kept up by large draughts of warm water in which a quantity of common pearlashes (say one table-spoonful of the latter to a quart of the former) has been dissolved; should that not be at hand, whitening or chalk may be used. This mixture should be given frequently, and in copious doses.

SECTION VI.

CAUTION.

Serpentine River in Hyde Park—Canal in St. James's Park.

THE Public are informed that the Society has four men regularly appointed, during the skaiting season, in Hyde Park, and two men on the Canal in St. James's Park, whose business it is to warn all persons from those parts of the ice where there is danger; and, in case of accident, to use the means provided by the Society to prevent a loss of life.

The men are distinguished by the badge of the Society. They are provided with ropes extending across the river, poles, ice-ladders, and boats, and the Public are particularly requested to attend to their directions.

In case of accident, the men should be forthwith called; and it is requested that persons should rather leave than crowd to the spot where the accident has occurred.

The men provided are amply sufficient, with their ropes, poles, and ladders, to do all that is necessary.

The boat presented to the Society by Admiral Donelly is one of the first things to be pushed to the spot.

In cases of immersion, the body, it is requested, may be at once carried to the Receiving House, where warm baths, and other restoratives, are always ready. The nearest Medical Gentleman should be instantly sent for by the Society's men, or the attendant at the Receiving House.

The Society hope all persons will see the importance of following these directions, and act under the men appointed, in order to act the most benevolent, as well as the most useful part.

SECTION VII.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY,

Instituted in 1774, to collect and circulate the most approved and effectual Methods for Recovering the Apparently Drowned or Dead; to suggest and provide proper Apparatus for, and to bestow Rewards on all who assist in, the Preservation or Restoration of Life.

- I. THAT this Society do consist of a President, Vice-Presidents, a Treasurer, Directors, Governors, Chaplains, Medical Assistants, Registrar and Secretary.
- II. That a Subscription of One Guinea annually constitute a Governor;

Two Guineas annually, a DIRECTOR; Ten Guineas, a LIFE GOVERNOR; Twenty Guineas, a LIFE DIRECTOR.

The Executor of any Person paying a Legacy of Fifty Pounds, to be a LIFE GOVERNOR; and of One Hundred Pounds, to be a LIFE DIRECTOR.

Governors have the Privilege of attending all General Courts; and Directors have the additional Privilege of attending all Committees.

- III. That Two General Courts be held annually; on the Second Wednesday in January, and the Second Wednesday in July; and Seven Governors be a Quorum. That an Extraordinary General Court may be called either by the Treasurer, or by a Requisition in writing of *Thirteen* Directors or Governors, addressed to the Secretary.
- IV. That the President, Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, Chaplains, Registrar and Secretary, Collector and Messenger, shall be elected at the Annual Court in January.
- V. That a COMMITTEE shall be chosen at the same Court, which shall consist of the President, Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, Chaplains, Directors, and Forty-five Members, Three of whom may act as a Quorum. That the Committee meet on the Third Wednesday in each month: or oftener, if occasion should require.
- VI. That the Committee have power to make Bye-Laws, subject to confirmation at the next General Court; and to define the Duties of the respective Officers.
 - VII. That the Committee have power to suspend any Officer or Servant till the next General Court, and to appoint others in the mean time.
 - VIII. That three Auditors be elected at the General Court in January, who shall meet and audit the Accounts previously to each General Court; and that the Accounts be signed by two, at least, of the Auditors, and submitted to each General Court.
 - IX. Gentlemen desirous of becoming *Medical Assistants* are to be proposed to, and elected by, the Committee.

- X. That the Committee recommend those Persons whom they deem worthy of becoming Honorary Members, and of having *Honorary Medallions*, to the General Court, and that the Medallions be conferred at the subsequent Anniversary Festival.
- XI. That the usual Rewards (having reference to the number of Persons actually engaged in the preservation of Life) be paid only in cases which occur within thirty miles of the Metropolis; with liberty to the Committee to give rewards to any particular cases that may occur beyond those limits.
- XII. That Remuneration* be given to any Publican or other Person who shall admit the Body of any Object into his house without delay, and furnish the necessary Accommodations; and that they may be secured from the Charge of Burial in unsuccessful cases.
- XIII. That three Members of the Committee be elected at the General Court in January, to be joined with the *Treasurer*, as Trustees for Stock and Funded Property.
- XIV. That the *Anniversary Sermon* be preached, and the *Festival* held, as soon as conveniently may be after the General Court in January.
 - XV. That the Steward's Fine be limited to £5. 5s.
- XVI. That proceedings on business of importance, transacted at the different Meetings, together with Cases,

^{*} One Guinea is always paid to a Publican who readily takes a body into his house, with the hope of recovery.

Subscriptions, or whatever may be for the information of the Public or the advantage of the Society, be from time to time published, at the discretion of the Committee.

XVII. That if a *Debate* arise at a General Court, such Question shall be determined by the holding-up of hands, unless a Ballot be demanded by nine Members: in case of an equality of Votes, the Chairman shall have a casting Vote.

XVIII. That all Persons within five miles of London who claim the Premiums offered by this Society, shall produce their Testimonials to the Secretary within fourteen days, signed by three respectable Housekeepers acquainted with the Accident, and the Medical Assistant, if any attended, or by the Minister of the Parish; but, if the distance be considerable from the Metropolis, one month shall be allowed, though as early an application as possible is in all cases expected.

SECTION VIII.

INSTITUTION OF OTHER HUMANE SOCIETIES.

THE Committee have great satisfaction in recording the Establishment of similar Humane Societies in various parts of the World; and that the success attending these has exceeded the sanguine expectations of their Founders and Supporters.

1.—BRITISH UNITED EMPIRE.

BATH. NORTHAMPTON.

BEDFORD. NORWICH.
BIRMINGHAM. OAKHAM.
BRISTOL. OXFORD.
CHATHAM. PLYMOUTH.

CHESTER. PORTSMOUTH & PORTSEA.

EASTERN-COAST. PRESTON.

EXETER. SCARBOROUGH.
FALMOUTH. SHEFFIELD.
GLOUCESTER. SHREWSBURY.
GUERNSEY. SHROPSHIRE.
ISLE OF WIGHT. SOUTHAMPTON.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. SUFFOLK.

Lancaster. St.Ives, Huntingdonshire.

Leicester. Whitehaven.
Liverpool. Wisbeach.
Melton Mowbray. Worcester.

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. YORK.

RIVERS WREAK AND EYE. FORTH AND CLYDE NAVI-

ABERDEEN. GATION.

GLASGOW. SOUTH WALES.

GREENOCK. SWANSEA.
LEITH. CARDIFF.
MONTROSE. DUBLIN.

Newry. Cork.

2.—BRITISH FOREIGN SETTLEMENTS.

Madras. Quebec. Calcutta. Jamaica.

3.—FOREIGN.

Berlin. Massachusetts. Görlitz. Pennsylvania.

HAMBURGH. BOSTON.
PRAGUE. NEW-YORK.
COPENHAGEN. BALTIMORE.

ST. Petersburg. Duchy of Nassau.

SECTION IX.

HOUSES APPOINTED BY THE SOCIETY FOR RECEIVING PERSONS APPARENTLY DROWNED OR DEAD;

And where the Society's Drags are deposited, and in constant Readiness in Case of Accident.

THE SOCIETY'S PRINCIPAL RECEIVING-HOUSE is on the North side of the Serpentine River, Hyde Park, built by the Society on ground granted by HIS LATE MAJESTY.—Proper attendants, warm bath apparatus, and copper, are in constant readiness during the bathing and skaiting seasons, to prevent the fatal or injurious effects of any accident.

Gentlemen of the Medical Profession, Governors, and the Publick, are requested to visit this house; and should there be cause of complaint, or any improvement to be suggested, the Committee will be obliged by the information.

BANKSIDE, SOUTHWARK-Rose and Bell.

BARNES—Bull's Head.

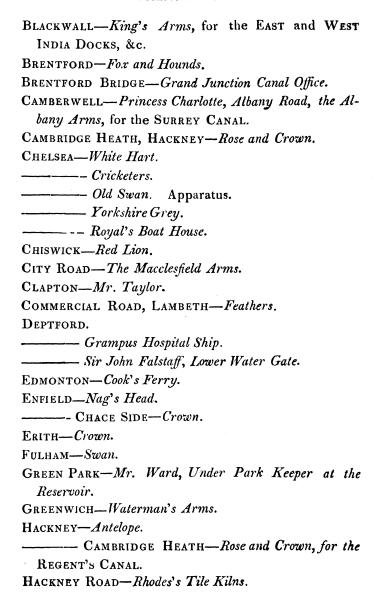
BATTERSEA-Swan.

BATTERSEA—Red House.

BATTERSEA BRIDGE-Mermaid.

BATTLE BRIDGE-Maidenhead.

BILLINGSGATE—Queen's Head, with the Old Swan, and Waterman's Arms for the passage through LONDON BRIDGE, &c.



HAMPTON—Pell.

HERTFORD—East India Company.

HIGHAM STILL FERRY.

HORNSEY—Three Compasses.

HUNGERFORD MARKET-Swan.

ISLEWORTH-London Apprentice.

ISLINGTON-Blue Coat Boy, for the NEW RIVER.

KENT ROAD-Lord Wellington.

____Lord Nelson, for the SURREY CANAL.

KINGSLAND ROAD-King's Head.

LAMBETH-White Lion, near the Palace.

____Two Sawyers.

LEA RIVER-King's Ware Lock House.

LEA BRIDGE-Jolly Anglers.

LEWISHAM-Plough.

LIMEHOUSE HOLE—Horns and Chequers, for the WEST INDIA DOCKS, &c.

LIMEHOUSE—Two Brewers.

LONDON BRIDGE-Old Swan.

------Waterman's Arms.

For the Passage through LONDON BRIDGE, &c. see BILLINGSGATE.

MILBANK-White Hart.

------Spread Eagle.

MILFORD LANE-Ship.

MILL LANE, TOOLEY STREET—Plymouth Arms.

MORTLAKE-Ship.

NEWBURY-White Horse.

NEW CROSS—George.

PADDINGTON—Storehouse of Grand Junction Canal Company.

PENTONVILLE—Prince of Brunswick.

PICKLE HERRING STAIRS-Five Pipes.

QUEENHITHE—King's Arms.

REGENT'S CANAL-Book Office.

REGENT'S PARK—Jew's Harp, for the REGENT'S CANAL BASIN.

RICHMOND—White Cross.

----Three Pigeons.

ROTHERHITHE — Angel, for the Commercial Docks and Surrey Canal Basin.

SOUTHWARK BRIDGE-Toll Houses.

STRAND-ON-THE-GREEN-Bull's Head.

STRATFORD-Swan.

SUNBURY-White Horse.

TEDDINGTON-Lock House.

TOOLEY STREET—see MILL LANE.

TOTTENHAM—Hillyer's Ferry.

Tower-Tiger.

UPPER GROUND STREET—Earl of Warwick.

VAUXHALL BRIDGE—Roebuck.

VAUXHALL BRIDGE ROAD—Windsor Castle.

Walthamstow—Higham Hill Ferry.

WANDSWORTH-White Horse.

WAPPING-Union Stairs Watch Boat.

----Ship, Execution Dock.

WAPPING WALL-Ship, for the LONDON DOCKS, &c.

WARE—Crane Inn.

WATERLOO BRIDGE-Toll Houses.

----Feathers.

WEST HAM-White Swan.

WESTMINSTER BRIDGE-Swan Tavern Tap.

WINDSOR-Crown and Anchor.

SECTION X.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

Elected.
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF CLARENCE 1827
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF CUMBERLAND 1811
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF SUSSEX1815
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE 1826
HIS GRACE THE LORD ARCHBISHOP OF YORK1792
RIGHT HON. AND RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF
LONDON1827
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF HEREFORD 1803
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF SALISBURY1804
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF BATH AND WELLS 1813
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF ELY1814
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF LINCOLN1823
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF DURHAM
HON. AND RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF LICH-
FIELD AND COVENTRY1826
RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF GLOUCESTER1826
REV. RICHARD VALPY, D.D. F.A.S. Reading1803
MATTHEW CLARKSON, Esq. President of the Humane
Society, New York1811
RONALD M'DONALD, Esq. of Staffa, North Britain 1811
CAPTAIN GEORGE WILLIAM MANBY1811
ROBERT HUMPHREY MARTEN, Esq1811
EDWARD RICHARDS ADAMS, Esq1814
BENJAMIN HAWES, Esq1826

ANNIVERSARY PREACHERS.

1775, 1791, REV. RICH. HARRISON. BISHOP WATSON. 1776, 1792. Rev. Dr. Dodd. BISHOP OF CARLISLE*. 1793, 1777. REV. DR. MARKHAM. REV. Dr. GLASSE. 1778. 1794. REV. DR. MILNE. REV. DR. RENNELL. 1779. 1795, REV. DR. FRANKLIN. Rev. Dr. Andrewes. 1780. 1796. REV. MR. NEWMAN. REV. Mr. HAWTAYNE. 1781. 1797, REV. MR. DUCHE. Rev. Dr. Gregory. 1782. 1798, REV. ARCH. THOMPSON. REV. MR. BROMLEY. 1799, 1783. REV. MR. SWAIN. Rev. Rich. Harrison. 1784. 1800. REV. Dr. JACKSON. BISHOP BUCKNER. 1785. 1801, REV. SETH THOMPSON. REV. DR LANGFORD. 1802, 1786. REV. MR. SAVERY. REV. DR. VALPY, F.S.A. 1803, 1787. BISHOP SMALLWELL. BISHOP OF GLOUCESTER+. 1788. 1804. BISHOP OF ST. DAVID'ST. REV. DR. FINCH. 1789, 1805, BISHOP HORSLEY. BISHOP PELHAM. 1790. 1806. VEN. ARCHD. POTT. REV. J. PRIDDEN, M. A.

^{*} Hon. Dr. Vernon, now Abp. of York.

[†] Rev. Dr. Huntingford, now Bp. of Hereford.

[‡] Dr. Thomas Burgess, now Bp. of Salisbury.

1807, REV. DR. YATES, F.S.A. 1808, REV. DR. DAKINS, F.S.A.

1809,

REV. JOHN OWEN. 1810,

REV. HENRY WHITE.

BISHÓP BENNETT. 1812.

REV. DAVID GARROW. 1813,

BISHOP OF CHESTER*. 1814.

BISHOP OF ELY. 1815.

REV. DR. BOND.

1816, BISHOP BENNETT.

1817, Rev. Dr. Randolph. 1818, Rev. W. Gúrney.

1819,

BISHOP MOUNTAIN. 1820.

REV. DR. BARRY.

1821, BISHOP OF LLANDAFF†.

1822, BISHOP OF BRISTOL[‡].

1823, BISHOP LEGGE. 1824.

BISHOP OF LICHFIELD AND COVENTRY.

1825,

BISHOP OF GLOUCESTER. 1826,

BISHOP OF LONDON. 1827, REV. W. T. GILLY, A.M.

* Dr. Law, now Bp. of Bath and Wells.

[†] Dr. Van Mildert, now Bp. of Durham.

[†] Dr. Kaye, now Bp. of Lincoln.

STEWARDS, 1827.

MOST HON. MARQUESS OF CHANDOS.

GIDEON ACKLAND, Esq.
COLONEL CLITHEROE.
ROBERT CURREY, Esq.
GEORGE DILLWYN, Esq.
JOHN EVANS, Esq.
WILLIAM GREEN, Esq.
RUSSELL GURNEY, Esq.
WILLIAM HAWES, Esq.
BENJAMIN LANCASTER, Esq.

THOMAS LETT, Jun. Esq.
CHARLES MAWLEY, Esq.
SIR FRANCIS OMMANEY.
J. D. POWLES, Esq.
CHRIST. RICHARDSON, Esq.
CHARLES JAMES SWANN, Esq.
JOSEPH THORN, Esq.
MR. SHERIFF WINCHESTER.

MEDICAL ASSISTANTS.

LONDON.

Bishopsgate-street, Mr. Fox, Mr. BRICKENDEN.

City Terrace, City-road, Mr. C. LAW.

Dowgate-hill, Mr. Anderson.

East Smithfield, Mr. BOWIE.

Holborn, Mr. WHITMORE.

Jerymn-street, Mr. MARSHALL.

Nicholas-lane, Mr. B. ATKINSON.

Northampton Terrace, City-road, Mr. GAZELEY.

Park-street, Grosvenor-square, Mr. Elsegood.

Piccadilly, Dr. H. U. THOMSON.

Pudding-lane, Mr. C. B. VAUX.

Queen-street, Cheapside, 30, Mr. EDWARD SUTCLIFFE.

Ratcliff-cross, Mr. HARKNESS.

Regent-street, Horseferry-road, Mr PEARSE.

St. Paul's Church-yard, 24, Mr. HURLOCK.

Saville-row, Mr. T. J. PETTIGREW.

Shadwell, Mr. RICHARD RUTHERFOORD.

Upper East Smithfield, Mr. PRICE.

Surrey-street, Strand, Mr. Cosgreave.

Strand, Mr. RADNOR, Mr. STANTON.

Tottenham Court Road, Mr. J. W. Robins.

Trinity-square, Mr. J. W. HILL.

Walbrook, Mr. W. HEADINGTON.

Wapping, Mr. G. BETSON.

Wellclose-square, Mr. WARD.

Wellington Place, Goswell-street, Mr. JOSEPH ROSE.

Whitechapel, Mr. Curtis.

MIDDLESEX.

Barnet, Mr. RUMBOLL.

Battle Bridge, Mr. WAKEFIELD.

Brentford, Mr. COOPER, Mr. OLIVER.

Bromley, Mr. T. ANSELL.

Brompton-row, Mr. WOOLLEY.

Cambridge Heath, Mr. W. C. TIDY.

Chelsea, Mr. FLETCHER, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. LAISNE', Mr. R. C. SMITH

Clapton, Mr. BAILEY.

Edgeware and Whitchurch, Mr. ARBUCKLE.

Edmonton, Mr. HAMMOND.

Enfield, Mr. Durham, Mr. J. V. Asbury.

Finchley, Mr. J. STACY.

Fulham, Mr. BUNNETT.

Hackney, Mr. Hovell, Mr. Mordaunt, Mr. Toulmin. Mr. Rogers.

Hammersmith, Mr. WEST.

Hampstead, Mr. JACOB.

Hampton, Mr. JEPSON, Mr. DAVIS.

Highgate, Mr. GILMAN.

Hornsey, Mr. Benjamin Hands.

Isleworth, Mr. DAY.

Islington, Mr. Jeaffreson, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Spencer, Mr. T. H. CROUCH.

Kingsland Road, Mr. H. LEWIS.

Knightsbridge, Mr. RICHARDSON, Mr. THOMSON, Mr. CHARLES GRIFFITHS.

Laleham, Mr. WATSON.

Limehouse, Mr. Walford, Mr. Harkness.

Mile-end, Mr. Dowers, Mr. READ, Mr. Thomas New.

Paddington, Mr. Wood.

Pentonville, Mr. TAYLOR, MR. FENNER.

Pimlico, Upper Eaton-street, Mr. STRATFORD.

Poplar, Mr. TATHAM.

Regent's Park, Mr. BRYANT.

Staines, Dr. POPE, Mr. TOTHILL.

Stoke Newington, Mr. REYNOLDS.

Sunbury, Mr. BROXHOLM.

Tottenham, Mr. HOLT.

Turnham Green, Mr. GRAHAM.

Twickenham, Mr. WATSON, MR. CLARKE.

OXFORDSHIRE.

Henley-upon-Thames, Mr. BROOKS.

BUCKS and BERKS.

Colnbrook, Mr. W. TAYLOR.

Eton, Mr. HAMMOND.

Windsor, SIR JOHN CHAPMAN.

KENT.

Deptford, Mr. Sheriffe, Mr. Bromley, Mr. Coley, Mr. Baildon.

Gravesend, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. JONES, and Mr. DUNCAN.

Greenwich, Mr. HARRISON.

Rochester, Mr. THOMSON.

Seaman's Hospital Ship, Mr. ARNOT.

SURREY.

Battersea, Mr. ALDERMAN.

Blackfriars-road, Mr. BROWN.

Bridge-road, near Westminster Bridge, MR. RIDGE.

Camberwell, Mr. BROWNE, Mr. BARRETT.

Chertsey, Mr. SMITH.

Dulwich, Mr. HALL.

Horsley-down, Mr. Greenwood, Mr. Shuter, Mr. Ainslie.

Kingston, Dr. ROOTS, Dr. TAYLOR.

Lambeth, Mr. Young.

Lower Tooting, Mr. J. PARROTT.

Mitcham, Mr. John Parrott.

Mortlake, Mr. R. KING, Mr. PALMER.

Peckham, Mr. ARNOLD.

Putney, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Shilitto.

Richmond, Mr. Smith, Mr. Streight.

Ripley, Mr. HARBROE.

Rotherhithe, Mr. GAITSKELL.

Stamford-street, Blackfriars-road, Mr. Brown, Mr. IRISH.

St. Olave's, Mr. LEADAM.

St. Thomas's-street, Mr. G. B. DAVIS.

Stockwell, Mr. HILLIARD.

Thames Ditton, Mr. BAKER.

Vauxhall, Mr. HOOD, Mr. REVANS.

Walworth, Mr. HARDY, Mr. G. G. LOWNE.

Wimbledon, Mr. SANFORD.

ESSEX.

Bow, Mr. RICARDO.

Chelmsford, Dr. BADDELEY, Mr. G. A. GEPP.

Ingatestone, Mr. BUTLER.

Maldon, Messrs. BAKER and MAY.

Stratford, Mr. MAIDEN, Mr. DALLAWAY.

Walthamstow, Dr. BLICKE, Mr. THOMAS SOLLY.

HERTFORDSHIRE.

Cheshunt, Mr. Sanders.

SECTION XI.

THE MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY.

V.P. VICE PRESIDENTS.

H.M. HONORARY MEMBERS.

- * GOVERNORS FOR LIFE, £10.10s.
- ** DIRECTORS FOR LIFE, £21.
- *** DIRECTORS AND GOVERNORS FOR LIFE, ABOVE \$231.10s.
 - † ANNUAL DIRECTORS, £2.2s.
 - † OFFICE OF STEWARD, £5.5s.
 - § ON THE COMMITTEE.

Α

- †‡Sir William..... Ashburnham, Bart. Broomham Park

 ‡James..... Alexander, Esq. M.P. 10, King's Armsyard, Coleman-street
- **Josias Dupré Alexander, Esq. M.P. 66, Grosvenor-st.

 Alliance British and Foreign Fire and Life Office, Annual €10.
 - *John........... Ansley, Esq. Alderman, 5, Star-court,
 Bread-street
- ††*John............ATKINS, Esq. Ald. V.P. Walbrook *Rev. T. Gilbank...Ackland, Chaplain

MajGen. G. A Armstrong, Hereford
Samuel Acton, Esq. Wilson-street, Finsbury
H.M.+§**Edw. Richards. Adams, Esq. 8, Basinghall-street
*John Adamson, Esq. 12, Billiter-square,
Fenchurch-street
James Alder, Esq. Throgmorton-street
Allan, Esq. Isleworth
†*WilliamAllen, Esq. Hoxton
††Simon Allen, Esq. 6, Bell-yard, Doctors' Com-
mons
**John Alliston, Esq. Walthamstow, and Free-
man's-court, Cornhill
†*Samuel Amory, Esq. Throgmorton-street
*Ferdinando Anderdon, Esq. Custom-house
†*W. S Angell, Esq. 60, Cornhill
§*Samuel Angell, Esq. Langbourne Chambers
John Angerstein, Esq. St. James's-square
Joseph Arden, Esq. Red Lion-square and Clif-
ford's-inn
†C. H Ashley, Esq. Suffolk-lane
†*John Atkins, jun. Esq. Walbrook
†Thomas Atkinson, Esq. George-yard, Lombard-
street
†*James Auriol, Esq.
*H Austwick, Esq. 30, South-street, Fins-
bury-square
*G. A Aylwin, Esq. 90, Lower Thames-street

В.

Duchess of Buccleugh, Montague House, White-hall, and Richmond

†††**Rt. Hon. Earl .. Brownlow, F.R.S. F.S.A. V.P. 16,

**Rt. Hon. & Rev. Lord Visc. Barrington, 66, Grosvenor-st.

Charles-st. Berkeley-sq. an. £5.5s.

†*Rt. Hon. Lord Bolton, Stockwood Park
H.M.†*Hon. and Rt. Rev. Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells, 7
Langham-place
†**Rt. Hon. Lord Bexley, F.R.S. F.S.A. George-street,
Westminster
††*Rt. Hon. A Brown, Lord Mayor
**Hon. A Barrington, 5, Princes-street, Hano-
ver-square
**Hon. W.K Barrington, 24, Brook-street
*Sir Richard Borough, Bart. D.C.L. 54, Portland-
place
**Sir Frederick Baker, Bart. F.R.S. 45, Jermyn-street
††*Samuel Birch, Esq. Ald. 160, Guildford-street
†***ROBERT BARCLAY, Esq. V.P. Clapham
††***CHARLES BARCLAY, Esq. M.P. V.P. Clapham
‡Mrs. CBarclay, Clapham
EBaber, Esq. 71, Park-street
†Samuel Outram Bacon, Esq. York-place, City-road
†≬Charles Baldwin, Esq. Bridge-st. Blackfriars
§*James Bandinel, Esq. Cloisters, Dean's-yard,
Westminster
‡W.T Bantock, Esq. 4, White Lion-court,
Cornhill
††*Benjamin Barnard, Esq. 50, Cornhill
Mrs Barry, Wallingford
†*William Barry, Esq. 122, Bishopsgate Within
**John Barton, Esq. Royal Mint
Joshua Barton, Esq. 34, Tower-street, and 79,
Old Broad-street
William Barton, Esq. 26, Bishopsgate-street
*Charles Bartrum, Esq. 2, London-bridge
Miss Mary Base, Gravesend
*JohnBate, Esq.
*Benjamin Bates, Esq. Town Malling, Kent

Bernard Bayley, jun. Esq.
Benjamin Bayley, Esq. Newark, per Mr. Mawley
†*William Bedford, Esq. 61, Friday-street
William Bell, Esq. 150, Cheapside
†*William Benham, Esq. Old Trinity House
Solomon Bennet, Esq. Bishopsgate Without
*James Bentley, Esq. Love-lane, Eastcheap
**M Berard, President of the Conseil de Sa-
lubrité, Paris
Silvanus Bevan, Esq. 81, Gloucester-place, Port-
man-square
*Elhanan Bicknell, Esq. Hearne-hill
HenryBilke, Esq. Stamford-street
*Rev. Dr Bingham, Gaddesden
†§*John Blades, Esq. 5, Ludgate-hill
†Rev. Dr Blair
††*Edward Bliss, Esq.
*John Bockett, jun. Esq. Bridge-street, Black-
friars
William Bolland, Esq. Adelphi
†*JamesBolland, Esq. Clapham
*Rev. John Bond, D.D. Hanwell
*T Bond, Esq. Brompton
†§*JosephBonsor, Esq. Salisbury-square
†‡**Edward Boodle, Esq. 42, Lower Brook-street
Frederick Booth, Esq. 15, New-street, Spring-
garden
†**John Bowden, Esq. Bank of England
MatthewBowden, Esq Brentford
††William Bowles, Esq. Abingdon, Berks
Francis Bramah, Esq. Pimlico
Rev. Andrew Brandram, Beckenham, Kent
§*Robert Bree, M.D. F.R.S. F.S.A. George-street,

†Thomas Breeds, Esq. Griffin's Wharf, Tooley-street
Brenchley, jun. Esq. Gravesend
†Mrs Brewer, Worcester
James Bridger, Esq. Aldgate
James Bristow, Esq. Horsely-down
Mrs Brock, Bocking, Essex
§B. C Brodie, Esq. F.R.S. 16, Saville-row
†§*Peter Bellinger Brodie, Esq. Lincoln's-inn-fields
Mrs Brome, New Ormond-street
*C Brook, Esq. Hook-house
Samuel B Brook, Esq. Old Jewry
†§*BurtonBrown, Esq. Stamford-street
*JamesBrown, Esq. F.S.A. St. Alban's
Nicholas Brown, Esq. Victualling Office, Somer-
set House
Tobias Brown, Esq. Bethell-place, Camber-
well
Thomas Brown, Esq. Mecklenburgh-square
Mrs. Barbara Brown, Richmond
**Mrs. Margarita Browne, Bromley, Middlesex
†§George Browne, Esq. Croom's-hill, Greenwich
‡Rev H Browne, Hoby, Leicestershire, for
Wreake and Eye Humane Society
‡†∮Mark Isambard Brunel, Esq. F.R.S. New Bridge-street,
Blackfriars
J Brunel, Esq. ditto
HenryBuckland, Esq.
Mrs. C Buckridge, Windsor
Charles Burgett, Esq. 147, Fenchurch-street
R Bulcock, Esq. Goodman's-yard
*B Bullock, Esq. Hants
†Rev. James Burgess
Launcelot Burton, Esq. Newcastle-street, Strand
Henry Butler, Esq. 110, Fenchurch-street

*John Butler, Esq. Southgate, Middlesex R. W Buttemar, Esq. 11, Copthall-court *††§*George By, Esq. 12, Union-place, Lambeth John Bye, Esq. 198, Holborn
C.
H.M.**His Royal High. the Duke of Clarence, K.G. K.T. G.C.B. Bushey Park, Middlesex, Vice Patron H.M.*His Royal High the Duke of Combolond K.C. G.C.B.
H.M.*His Royal High. the Duke of Cumberland, K.G. G.C.B. F.A.S.
- 7-2
H.M.****His Royal High. the Duke of Cambridge, K.G. G.C.B. *Right Hon. Earl of Clanwilliam, Berlin
*Right Hon. Earl of Crawford and Lindsay, Richmond
*Right Hon. Earl of Caledon, K.P. 3, St. James's-square
*Adm. Sir Isaac Coffin, Bart.
Adm. Sir Edward Codrington, K.C.B. F.R.S. V.P. 43,
Charles-street, Berkeley-square
†*Sir William Curtis, Bart. and Ald. M.P. South Sea
House
†**Тімотну А Curtis, Esq. V.P. 33, Broad-street
Commercial Dock Company, Annual £3. 3s. Fenchurch-street
†*SirWm. FairlieCunningham Bart.
Sir John Chapman, Windsor
*Charles Calvert, Esq. M. P. Cleaveland-square
§**John Capel, Esq. M. P. Russell-square
*Richard Clark, Esq. Chamberlain of London
††*John Crowder, Esq. Alderman, Warwick-sq.
and Hammersmith
**Benjamin Bond Cabbell, Esq. 1, Brick-court, Temple
*Mrs Capel, Russell-square
†*CharlesCarpenter, Esq. Moditonham, Cornwall
†*GeorgeCarr, Esq. Basinghall-street
*Major Carroll
Henry Carter, Esq. at Sir R. Carr Glyn & Co's.

Mr Cass, sen. Ware, Herts
*John Cattley, Esq. Queenhithe
* Champion, Esq.
**JohnChaplin, Esq. Stock Exchange, and
Tottenham
*William Chapman, Esq. Woodford
Rev. John Charlesworth, D. D.
†Harry Charrington, Esq. Mile End
†Nicholas Charrington, Esq. ditto
*L. A. de La Chaumette, Esq. F.R.S. and S.A. Bed-
ford-place
*Rev. A. R Chauvel, Stanmore
†*Robert Christie, Esq. 52, Mark-lane
Charles Churchill, Esq. 26, Bucklersbury
Signor P Cianchettini, 183, Regent-street
*MissClarges, by G. Vincent, Esq.
GeorgeClark, Esq. Isleworth
Thomas Clark, Esq. 6, New Kent-road
H.M. Matthew Clarkson, Esq. New York
†W. Commerford Clarkson, Esq. Great Carter-lane,
Doctors' Commons
*StephenCleasby, Esq. Cornwall Terrace, Re-
gent's Park
††*Colonel James Clitherow, Boston House, Middlesex
‡Mrs. Peter Clutterbuck, Stanmore, Middlesex
Mr Cobham, Ware, Herts
*ThomasCock, Esq.
††*DavidCogan, Esq.
Rev. E Cogan, Walthamstow
†§Richard WareCole, Esq. Old Change
†*JosephColen, Esq. Cirencester
††MichaelColesworthy, Esq. 144, Whitechapel
†*JohnCollet, Esq. Borough
*E. J Collett, Esq. M. P. Hemel Hempstead
‡MrsCollett, 71, Cheapside

†*James Collins, Esq. Stamford-hill James Collins, jun. Esq. Phænix Wharf, Bank- side
George Samuel Collyer, Esq. Park-place, St, James's- street
†*Rev. W. B Collyer, D. D. Addington-square, Camberwell
Mr. James Compton, Middle-street, Cloth-fair
†*Edward Connell, Esq. Manchester
*Henry Cook, Esq.
*Rev. John Cookesley, B. A. Sydenham
MissCookson
*GeorgeCooper, Esq.
W Cooper, Esq. 14, Upper Charles-street,
Northampton-square
†*WilliamCory, Esq. New Barge House, Lam-
beth
†*B Cotton, Esq. Kenilworth, Warwicksh.
*WilliamCotton, Esq. Leyton, Essex
*GCoutts, Esq.
Mrs. D Coverdale, Limehouse
William Cousens, Esq. Harbour-master's Office
Mrs Coxon, 32, Gainsford-st. Horsley-down
†*John Cranage, Esq. 19, Tavistock-square
*Rev. Charles Crane, D. D. Manor-place, Paddington
Rev. Dr Crawford, Gravesend
JohnCrawford, Esq.
Mrs. Sarah Creak, 21, Finsbury-square
*MessrsCreed and Co. Norfolk-street
*Rev. Robert Crosby, M. A. Hoxton-square
†JohnCrutchley, Esq. Minories
*JesseCurling, Esq. Jamaica-row, Rother- hithe
* E. S Curling, Esq.

†*William] Curling, jun. Esq. Limehouse
†††∮*RobertCurrey, Esq. Fleet-street
†*C. B Curtis, Esq. Broad-street
†*WilliamCurtis, Esq. Lombard-street
JohnCurtis, Esq. Bridge-street, Blackfriars
D.
*H.M.Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Durham, 23, Hanover-square
Sir J. English Dolben, Bart. Finedon, near Welling-
borough
*Sir William Domville, Bart. St. Alban's
*Rev. W. W Dakins, LL.D. F.S.A. Great Dean's-
yard, Westminster
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mons, Dividends, &c 2267 0 2	2962	0	pointed by the Society for receiving	eceiving			
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